

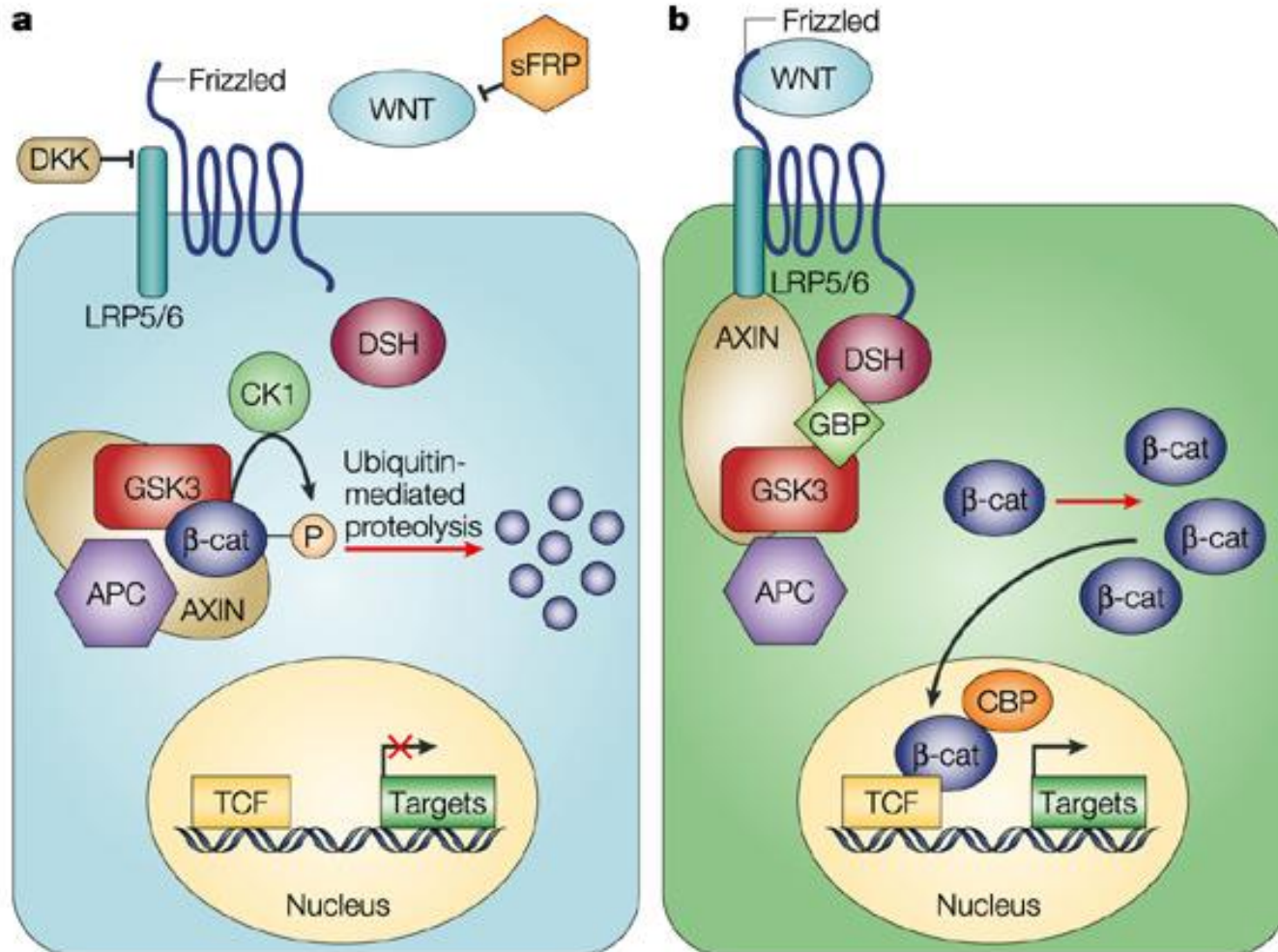
Wnt/ β -catenin signaling and renin-angiotensin system



Youhua Liu, Ph.D

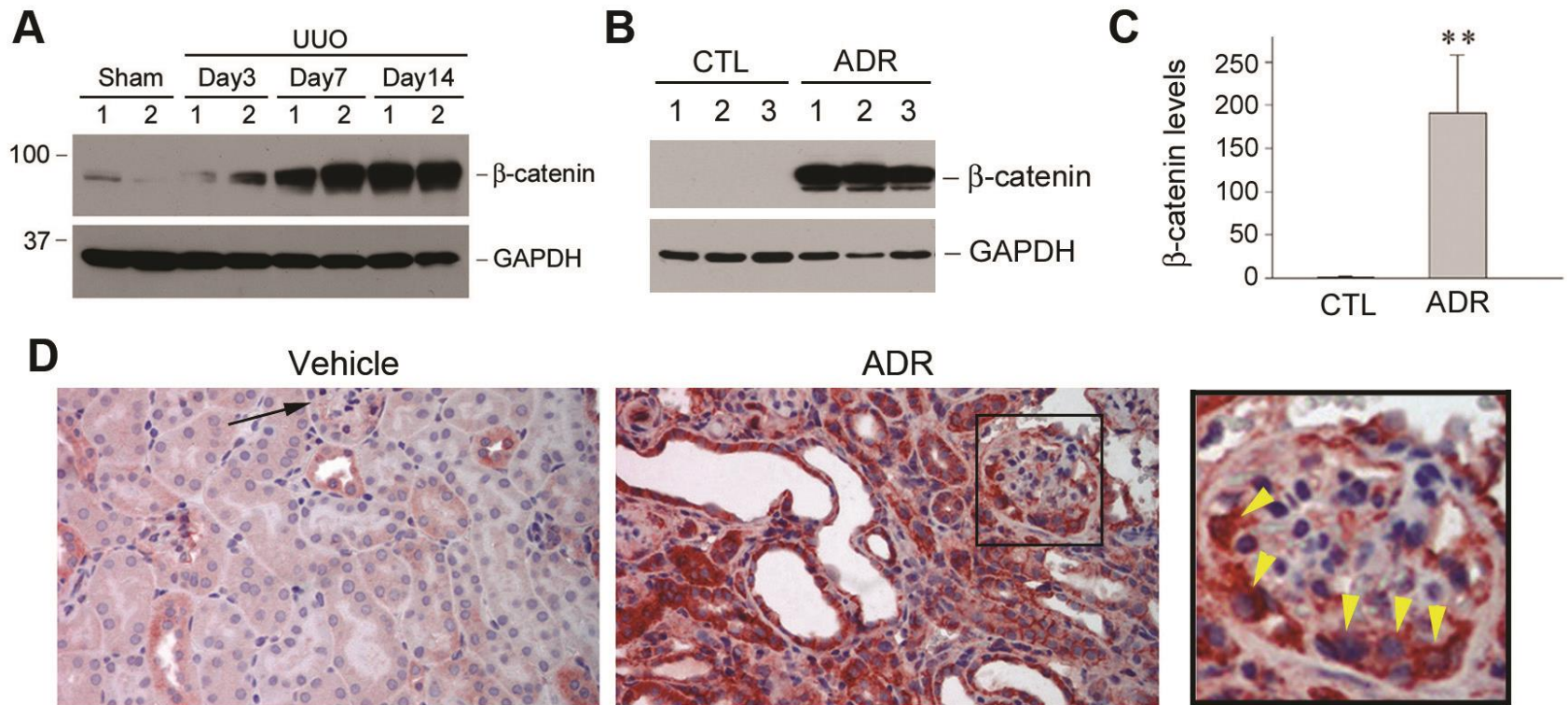
**Department of Pathology, University of Pittsburgh School of Medicine;
State Key Laboratory of Organ Failure Research,
Nanfang Hospital, Southern Medical University**

Canonical Wnt/ β -catenin signaling

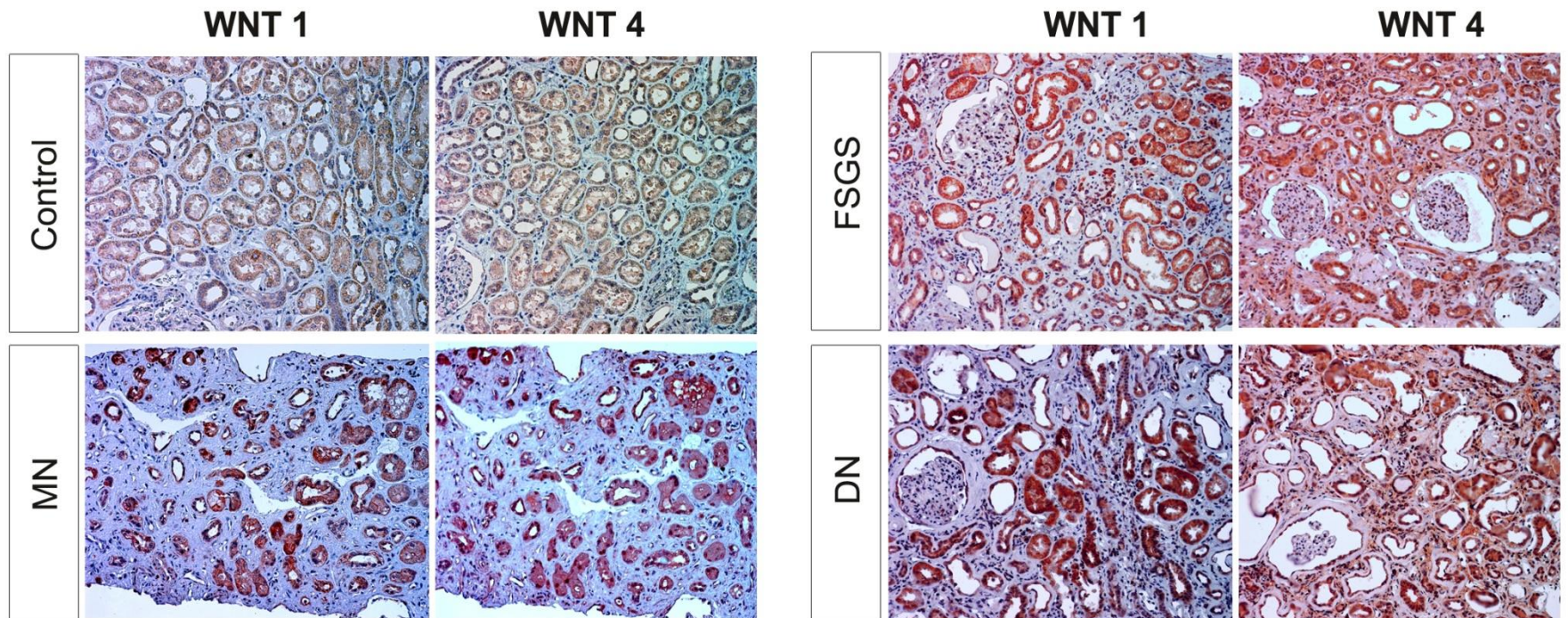


Moon et al, 2004

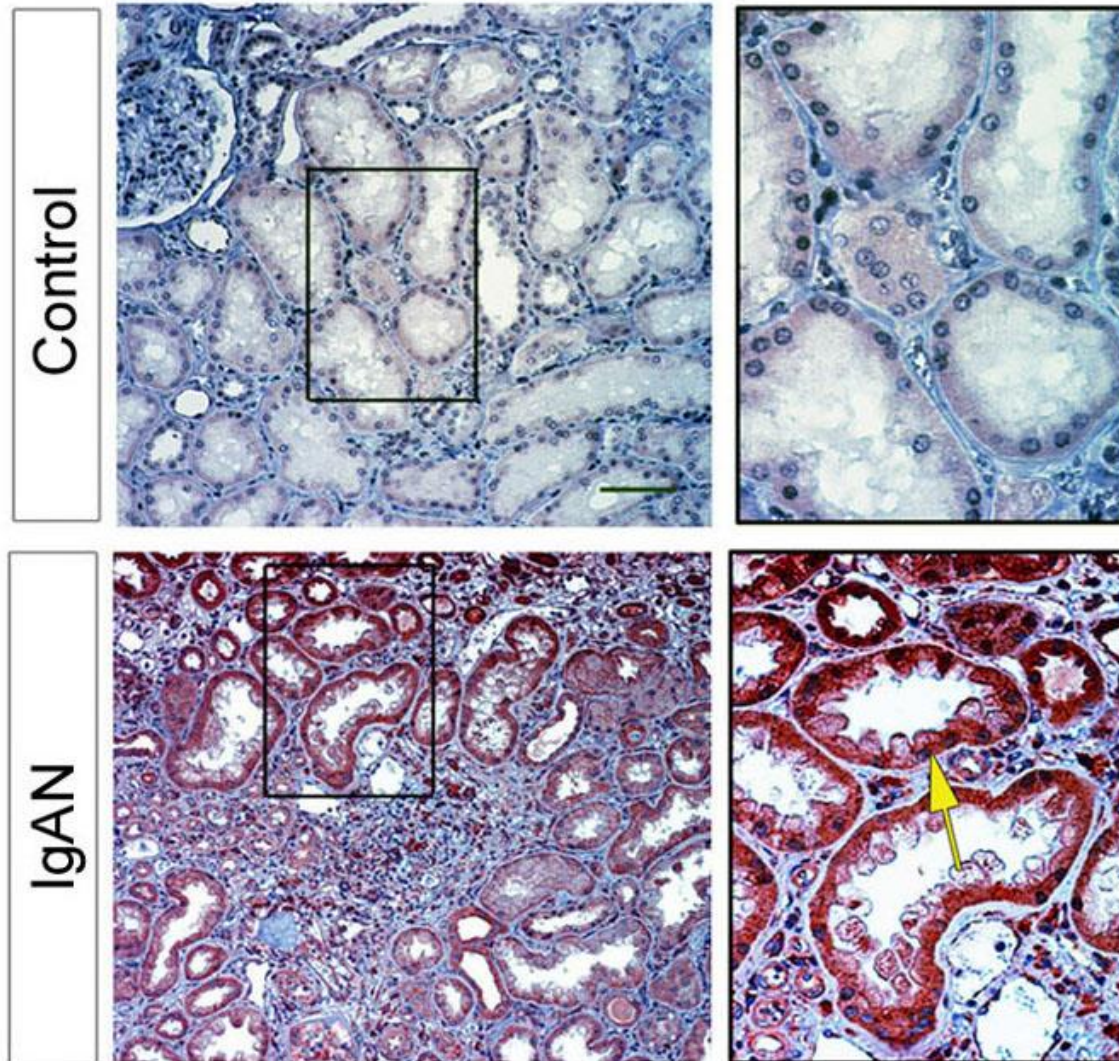
β -Catenin is primarily induced in tubular epithelium of fibrotic kidneys



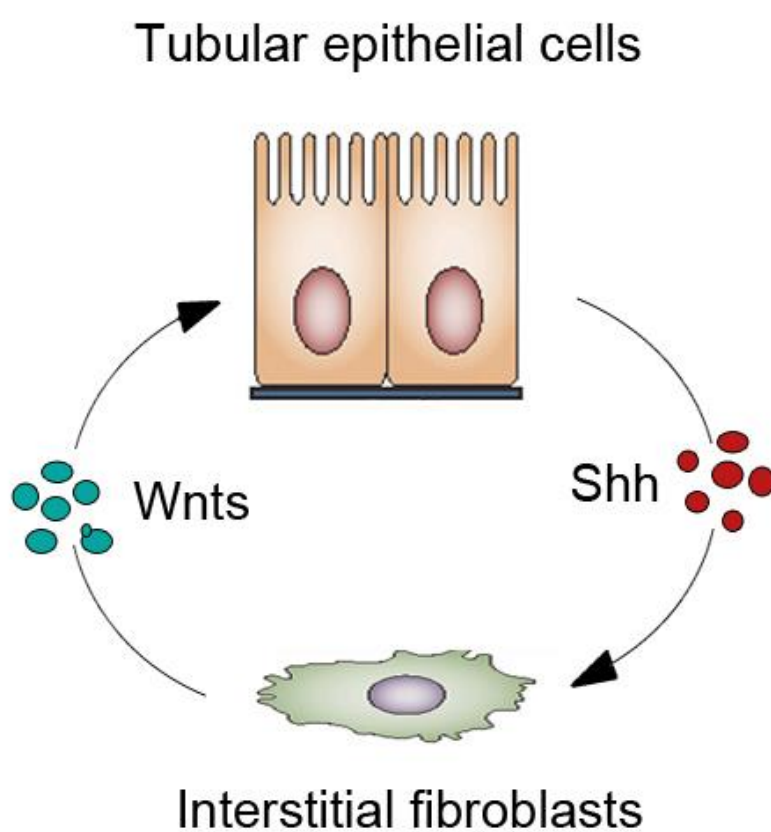
Tubular induction of Wnt1 and Wnt4 are common finding in human CKD



Activation of β -catenin human CKD



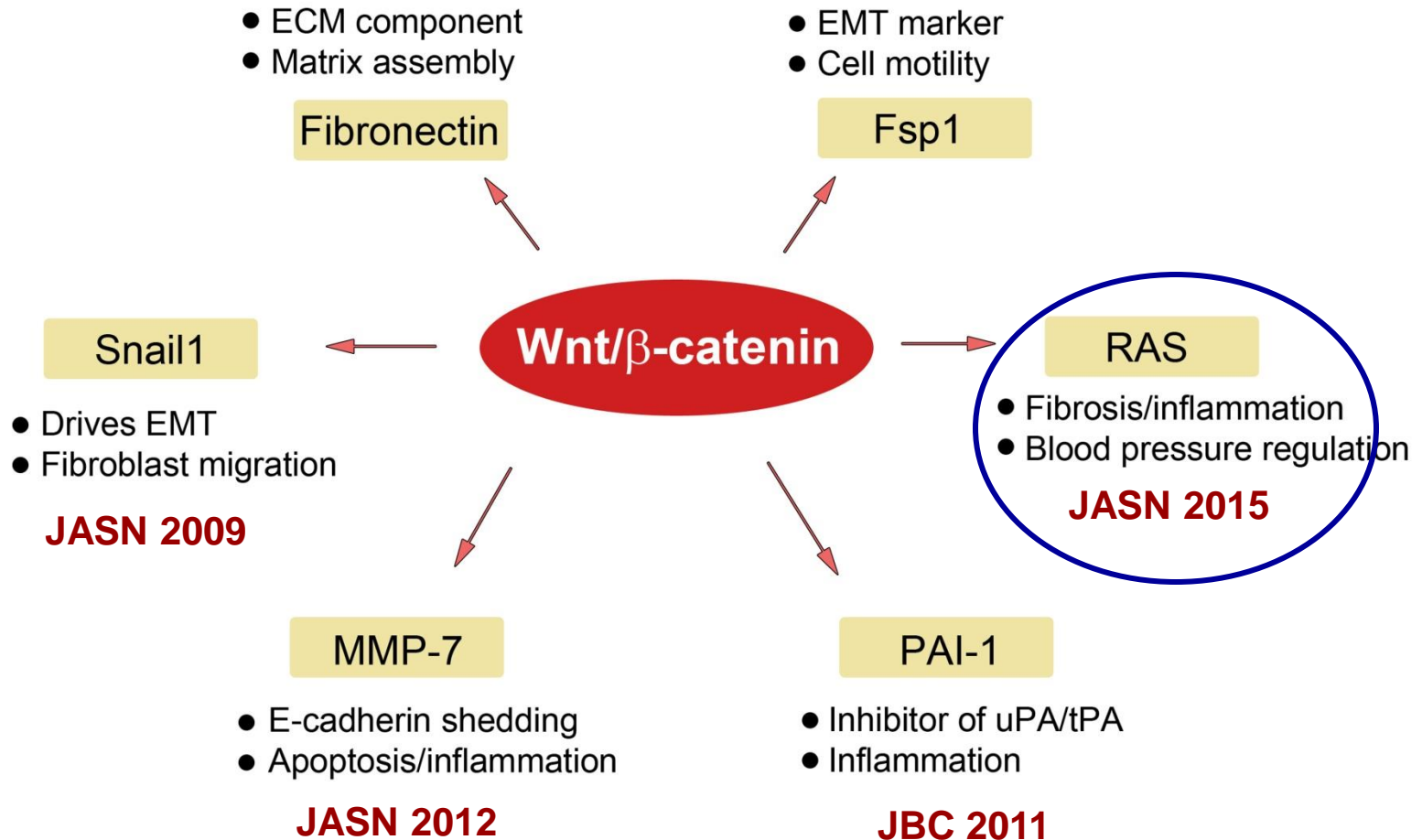
Blockade of Shh or Wnt/ β -catenin signaling inhibits renal fibrosis



Mode of action

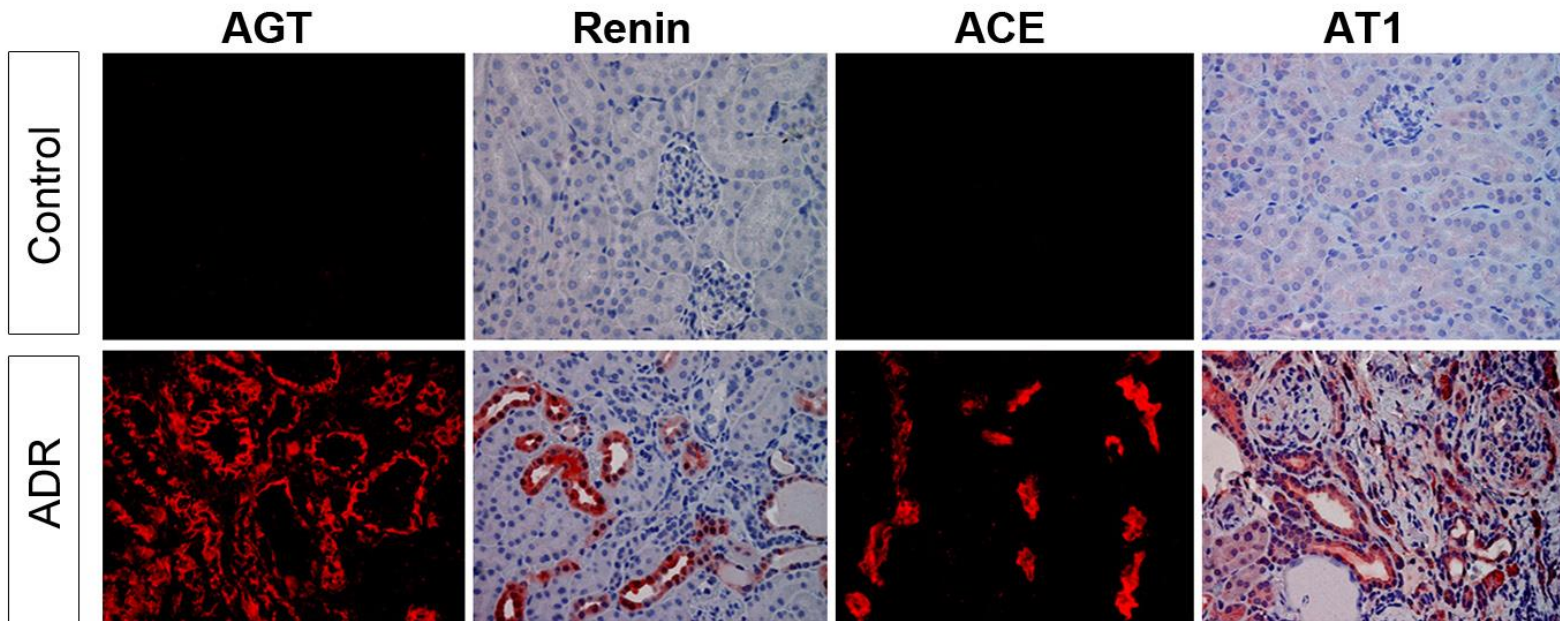
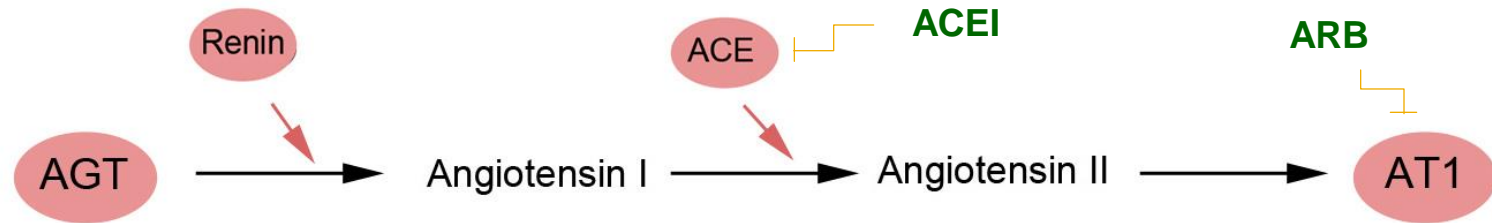
CPN	<i>Smo</i>	JASN 2012
		JASN 2014
DKK1	<i>LRP5/6</i>	JASN 2009
Paricalcitol	<i>VDR</i>	JASN 2011
ICG-001	<i>CBP</i>	JASN 2011
Klotho	<i>Wnt</i>	JASN 2013
ICG-001	<i>CBP</i>	JASN 2014

Wnt/ β -catenin downstream targets

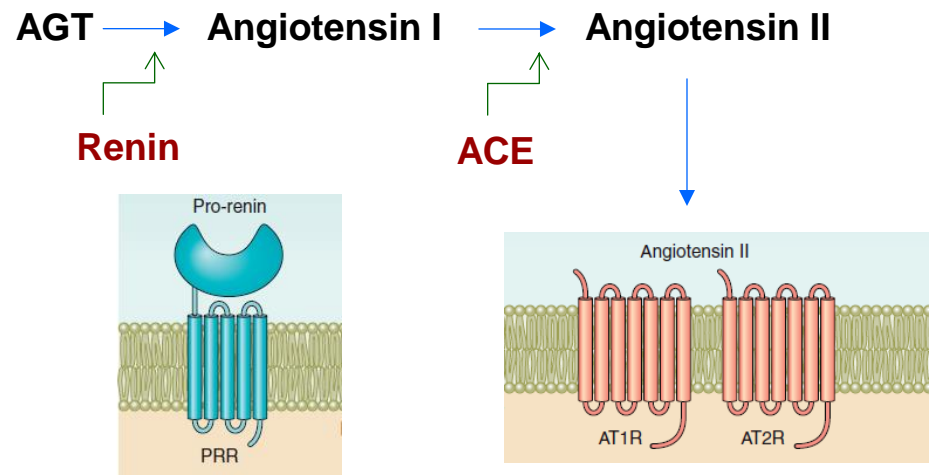
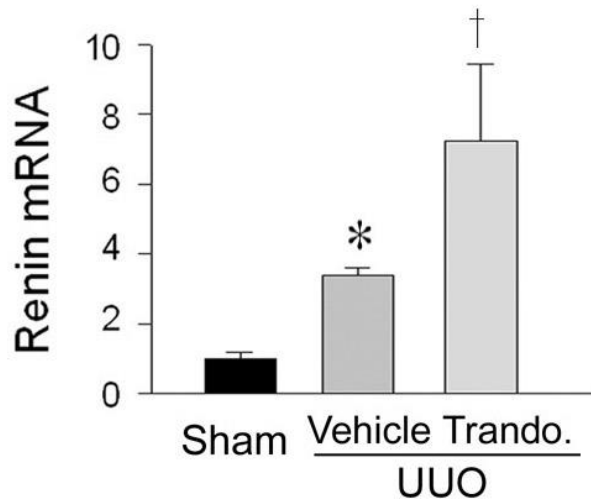
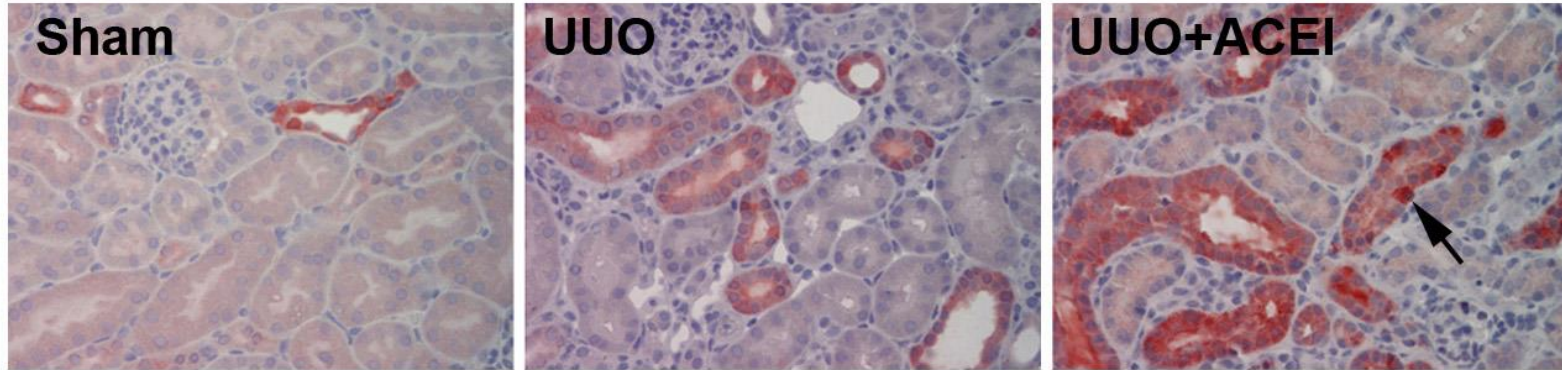


Wnt/ β -catenin and RAS activation

Up-regulation of multiple components of the renin-angiotensin system in CKD



Inhibition of RAS upregulates renin expression in vivo



**Could we simultaneously targets/inhibits
multiple components of RAS?**

Wnt/ β -catenin signaling induces all components of renin-angiotensin system

A

AGT: (-728) -CCTATCTATAGG**AACAAAG**TGATTAAAAAAAGT- (-696)

Renin: (-635) -ATGGGGTTTCAC**CATTGTT**GGTCAGGCTGGTCT- (-603)

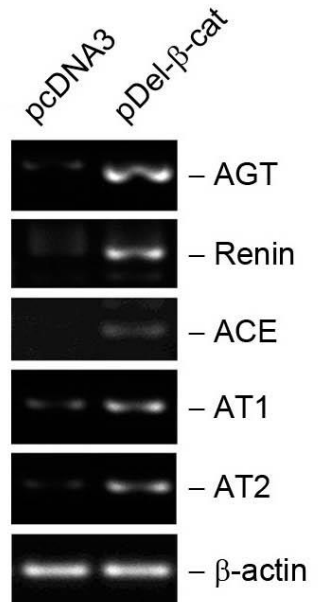
ACE: (-781) -GAGG**CTTTGT**GTCGCTC**TCAAAG**CCTGCTAGC- (-750)

AT1: (-1397) -TAGAACCTTTAG**TACAAAG**TAAATAGAAATG- (-1366)

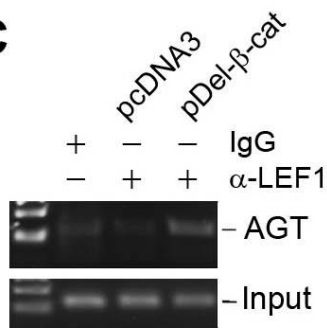
AT2: (-356) -GTGAAAGCTGATG**AACAAAG**ACTTTGCTACTAT- (-324)

TCF/LEF binding consensus sequence: (A/T)(A/T)**CAA**(A/T)**G**

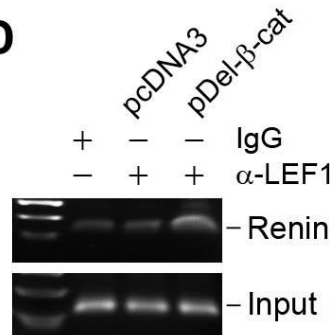
B



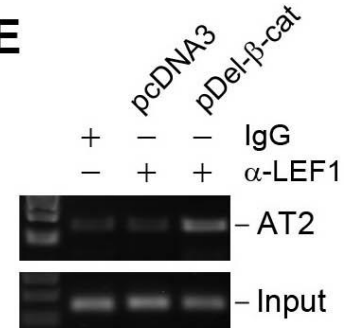
C



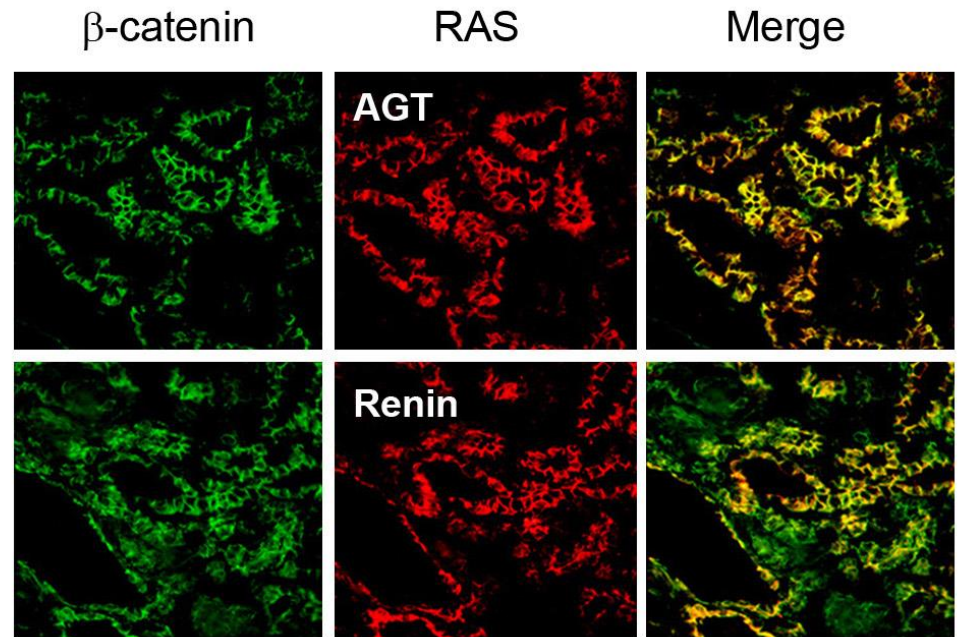
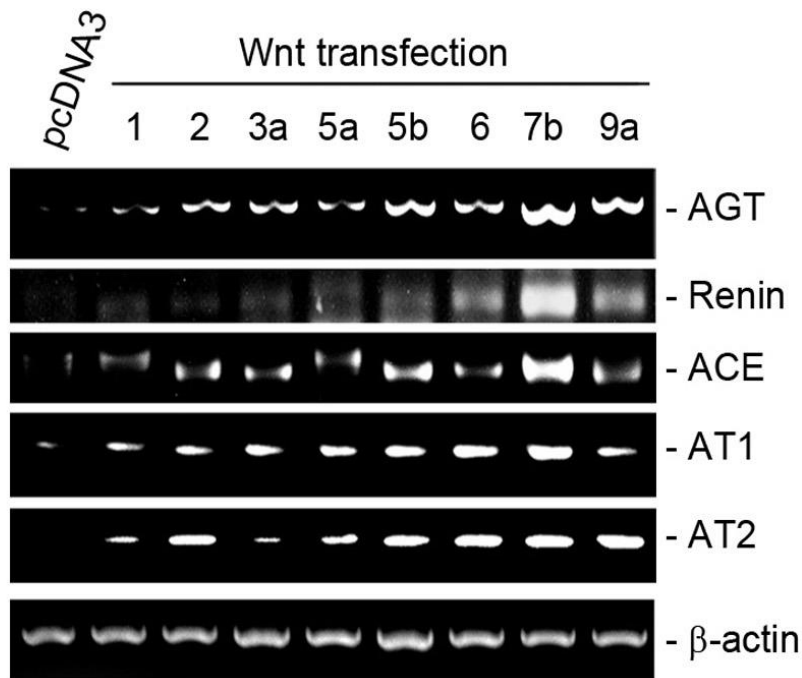
D



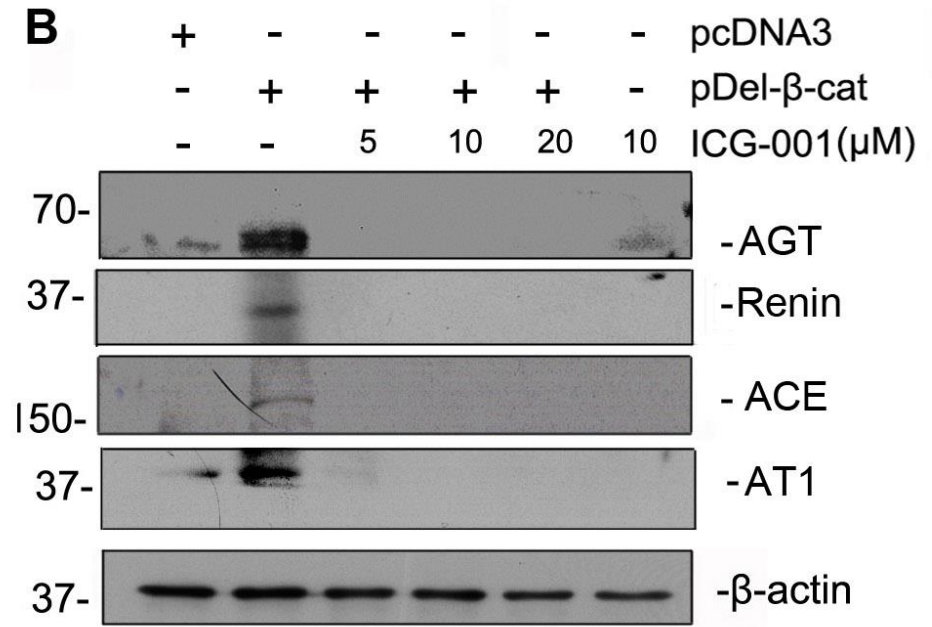
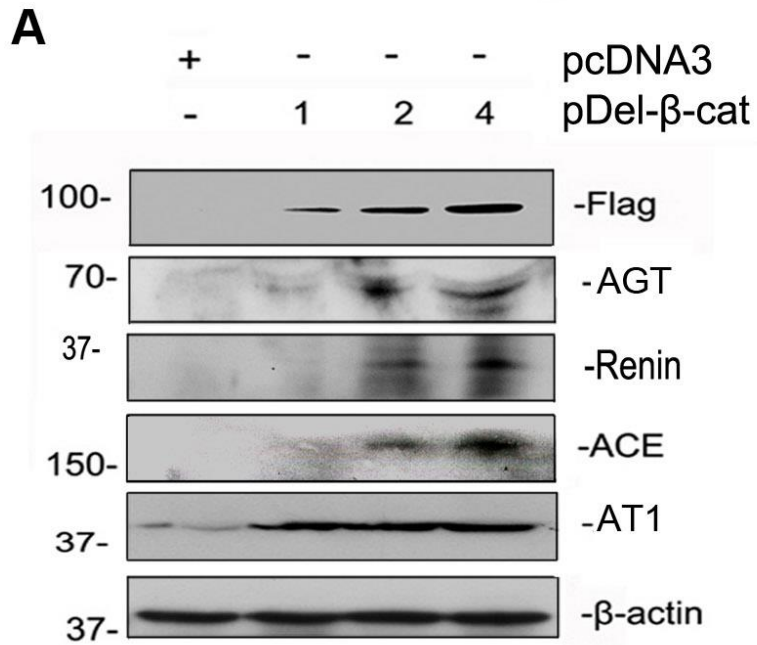
E



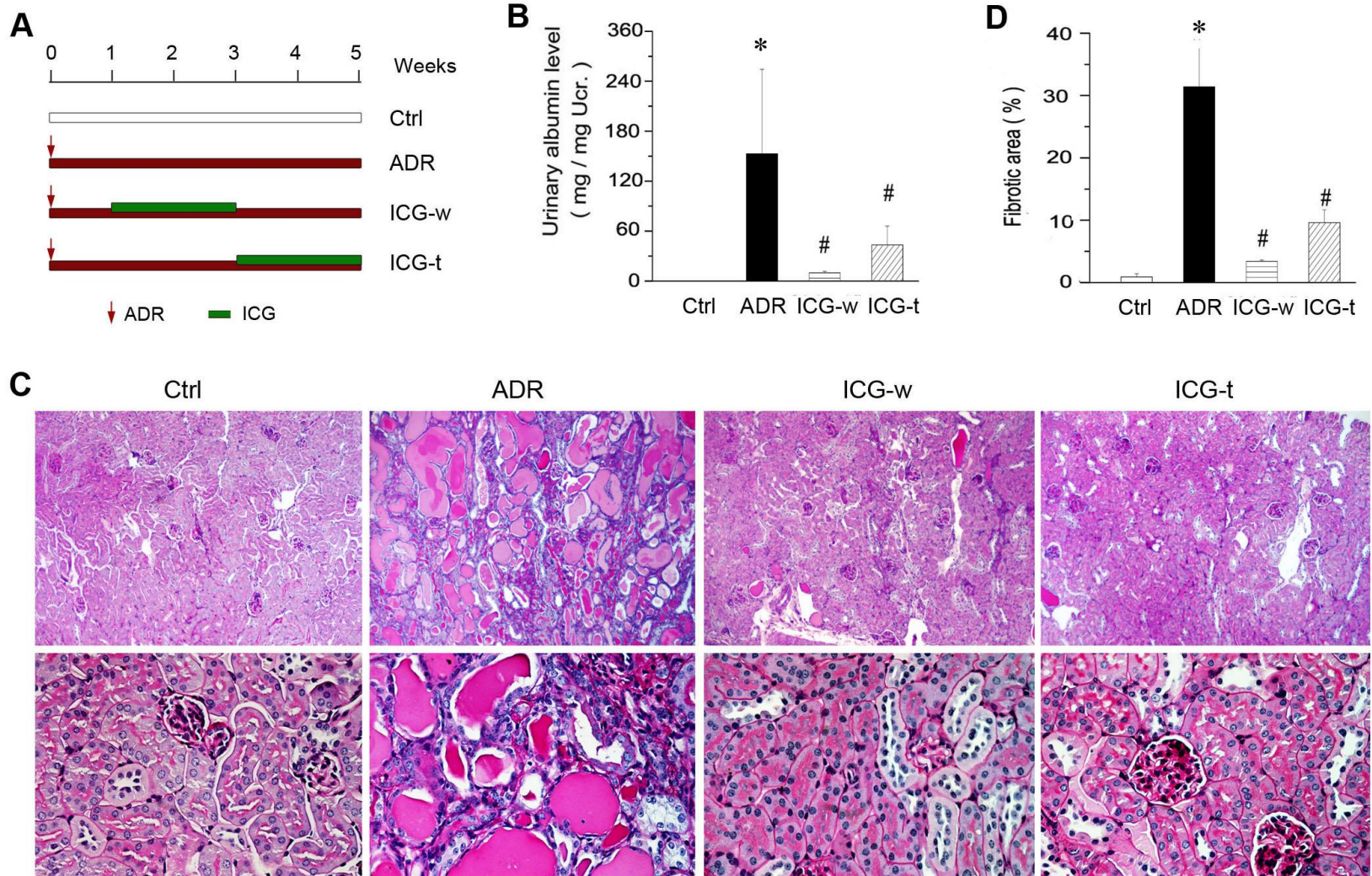
Wnt/ β -catenin induces all components of RAS in vitro and localization of β -catenin and RAS in vivo



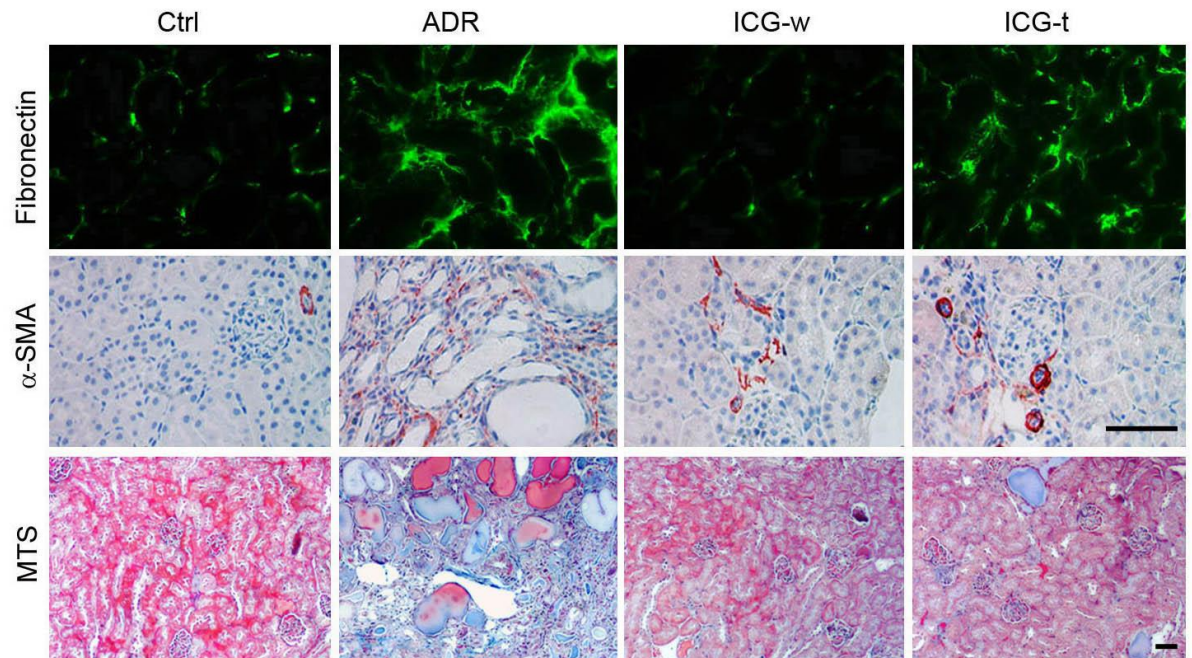
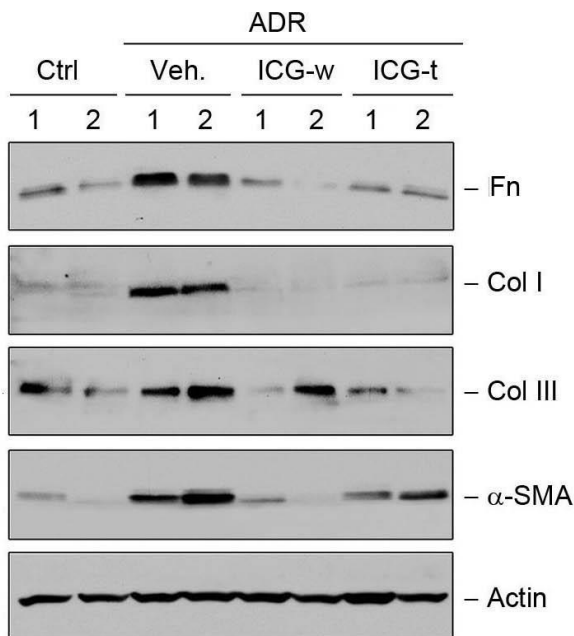
ICG-001, a specific small molecule β -catenin inhibitor, simultaneously inhibits multiple components of RAS



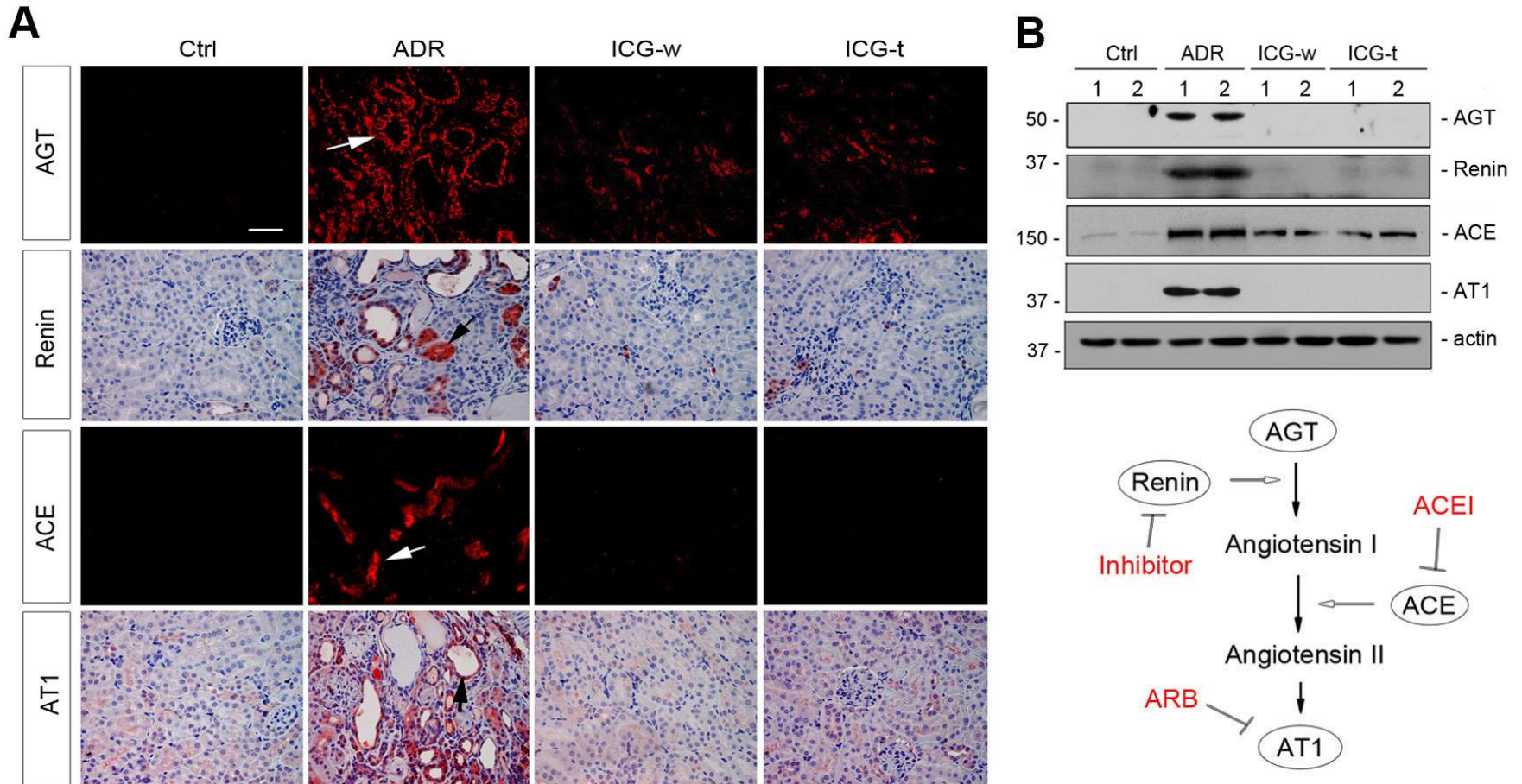
Blockade of β -catenin signaling by ICG-001 reverses proteinuria and kidney injury



Blockade of β -catenin signaling by ICG-001 attenuates kidney fibrotic lesions

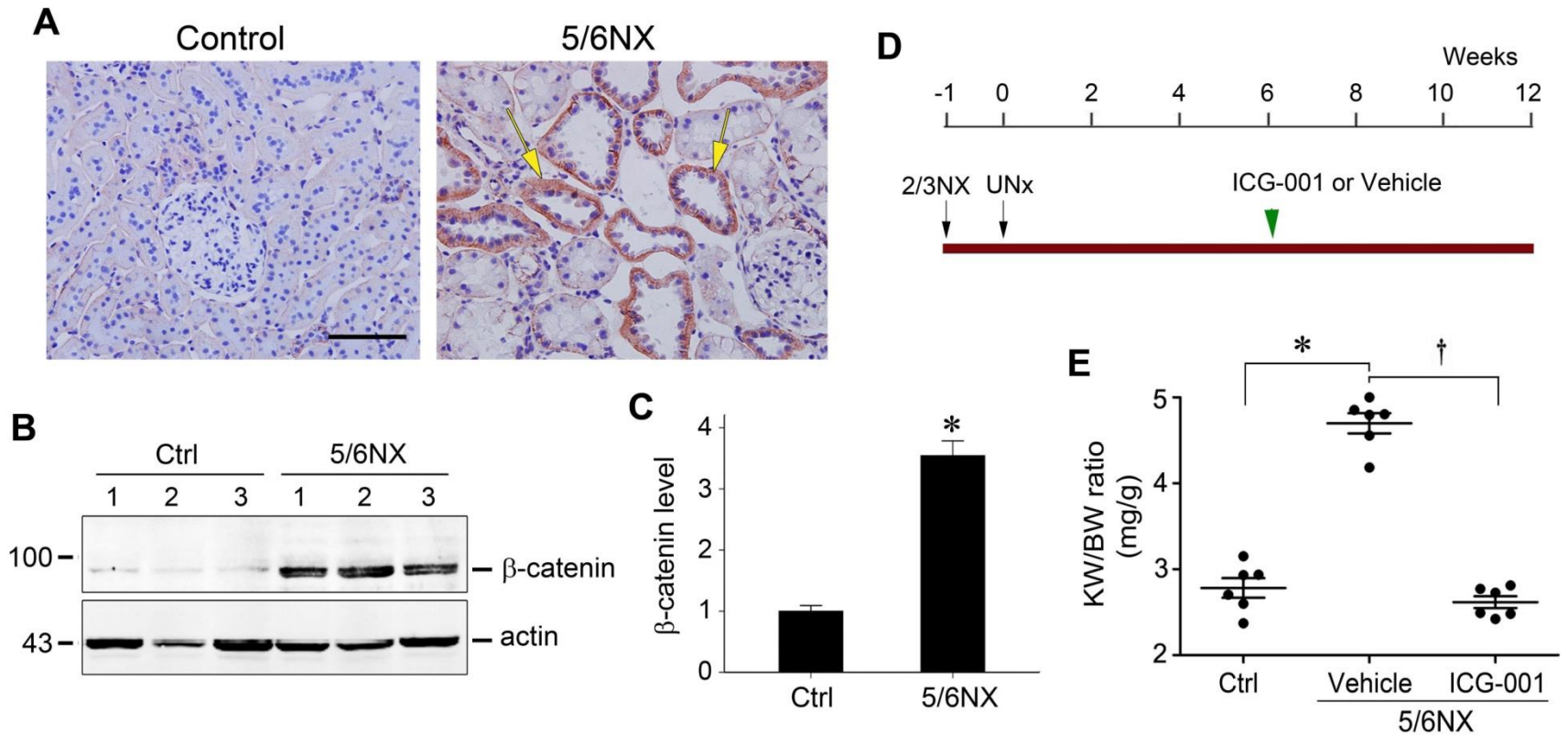


Blockade of β -catenin signaling by ICG-001 targets the expression of multiple RAS components in vivo



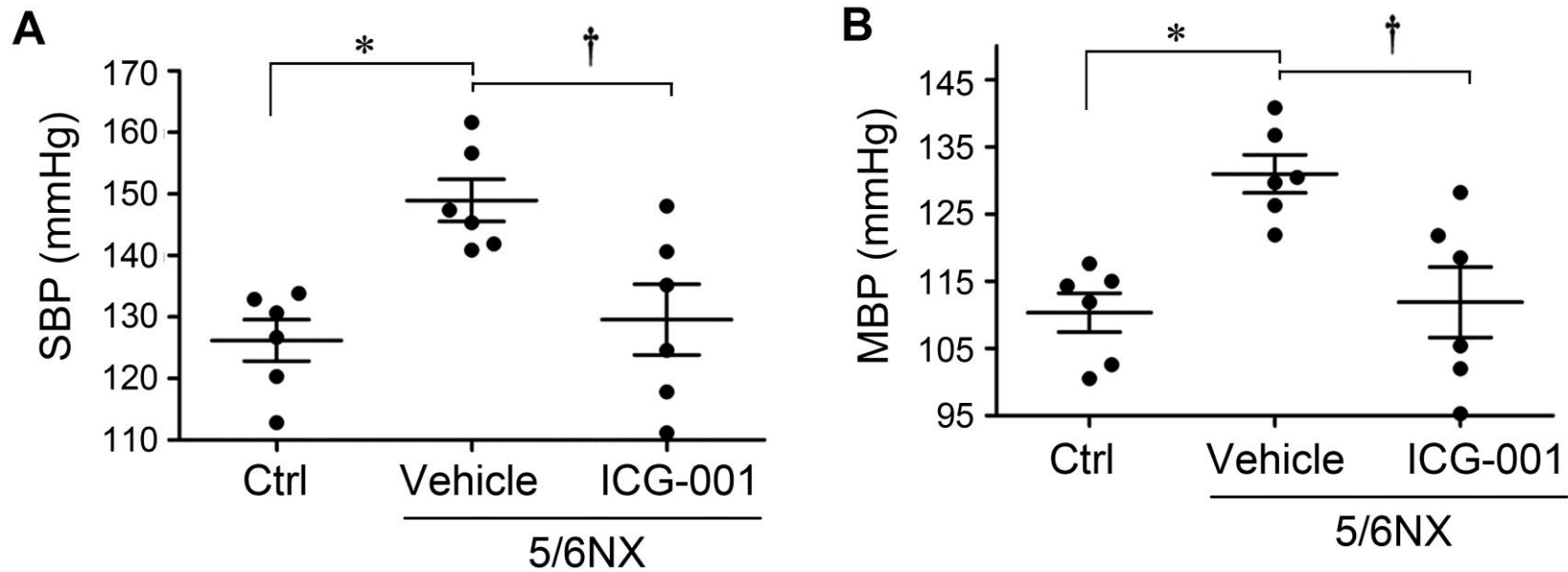
One stone kills multiple birds?

Therapeutic protocol

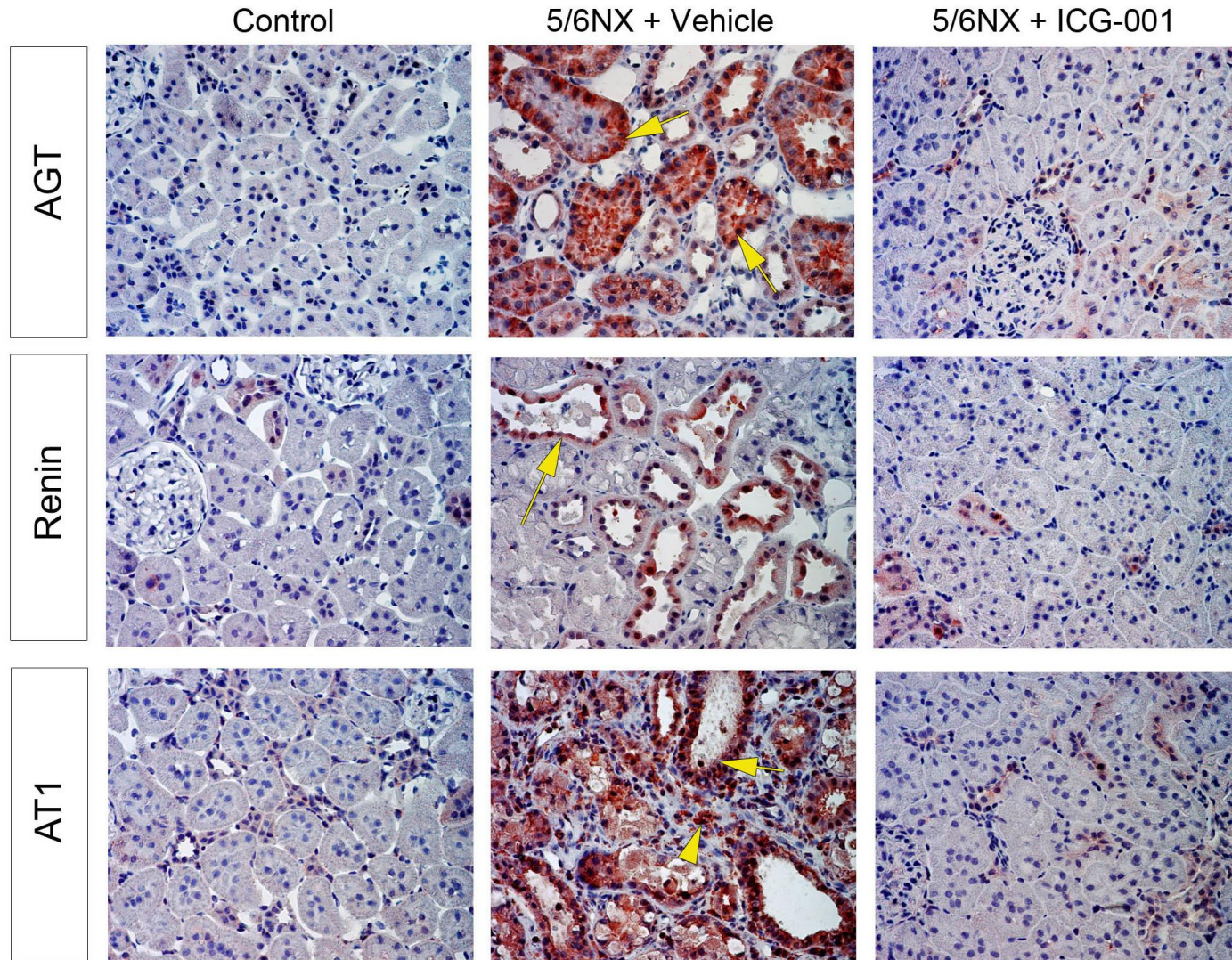


ICG-001, 3 times/week, 5 mg/kg body wt

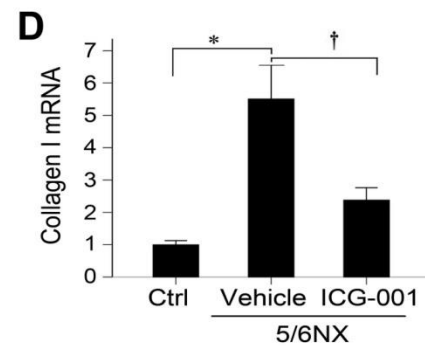
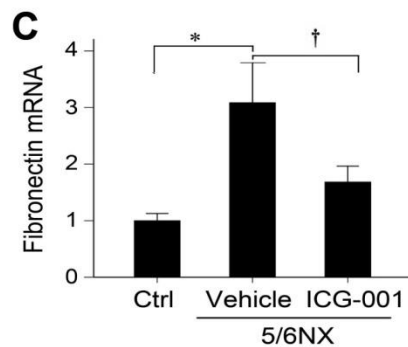
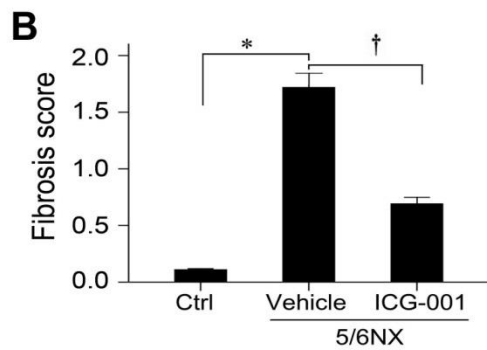
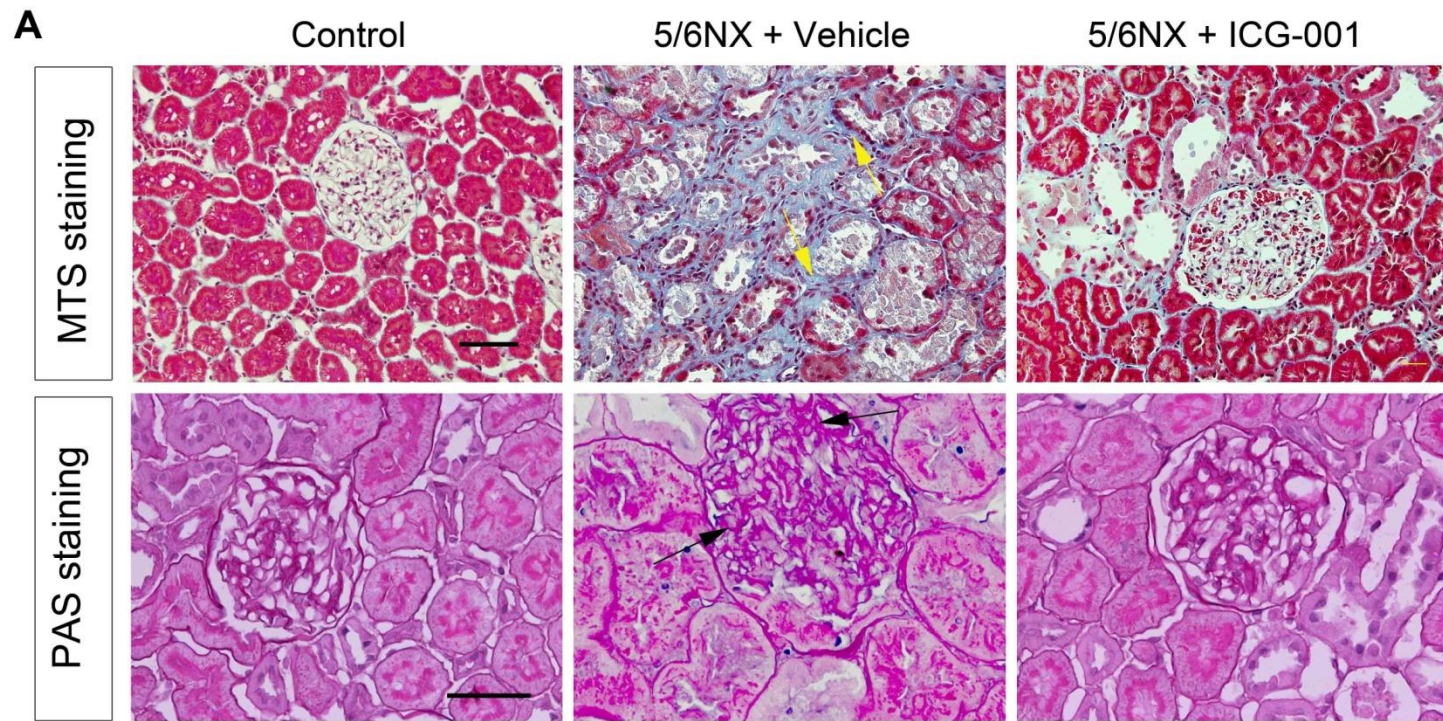
ICG-001 normalizes blood pressure in rats



ICG-001 represses RAS activation in rat remnant kidney model

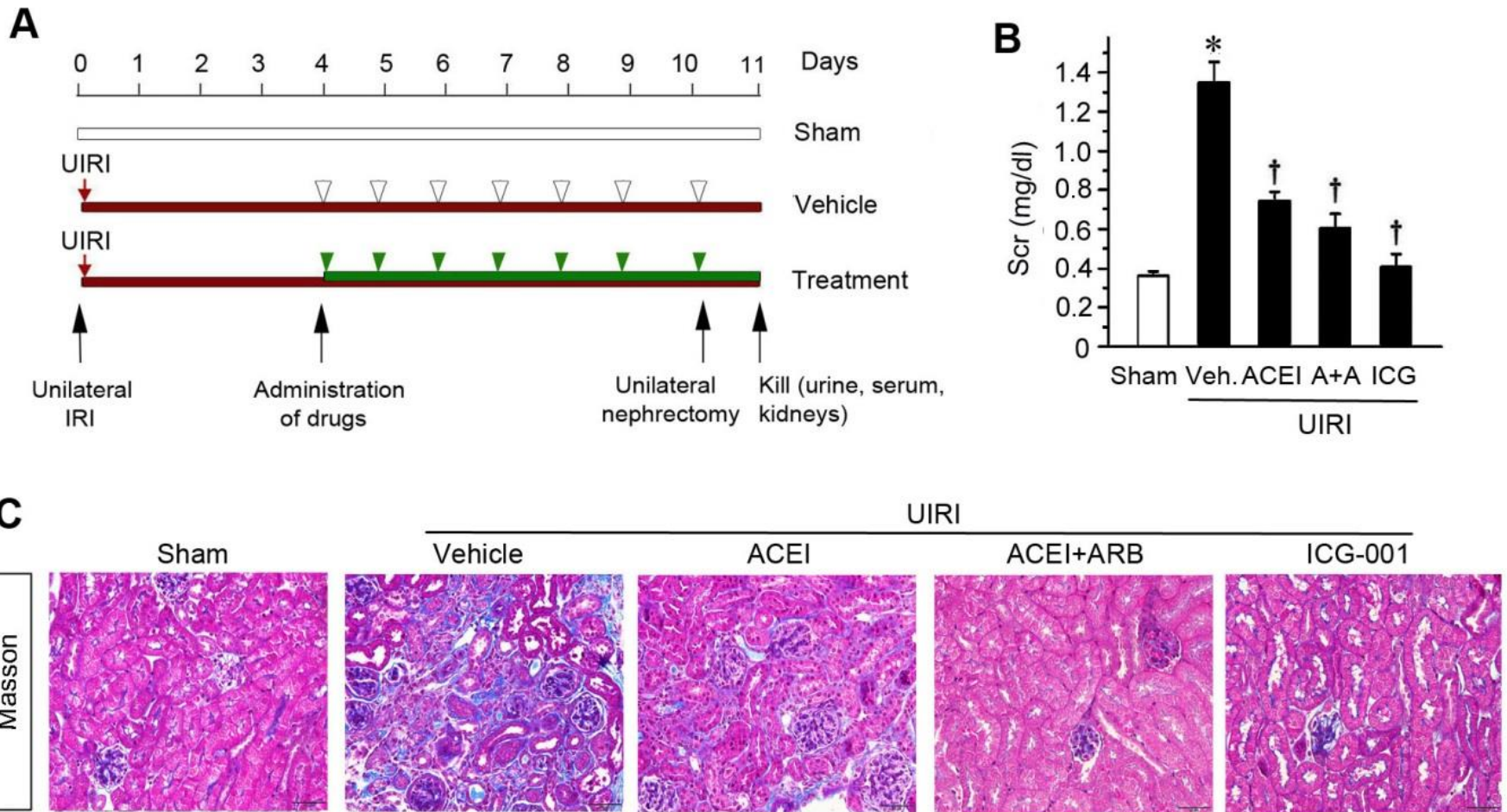


ICG-001 inhibits renal fibrosis in rat remnant kidney model

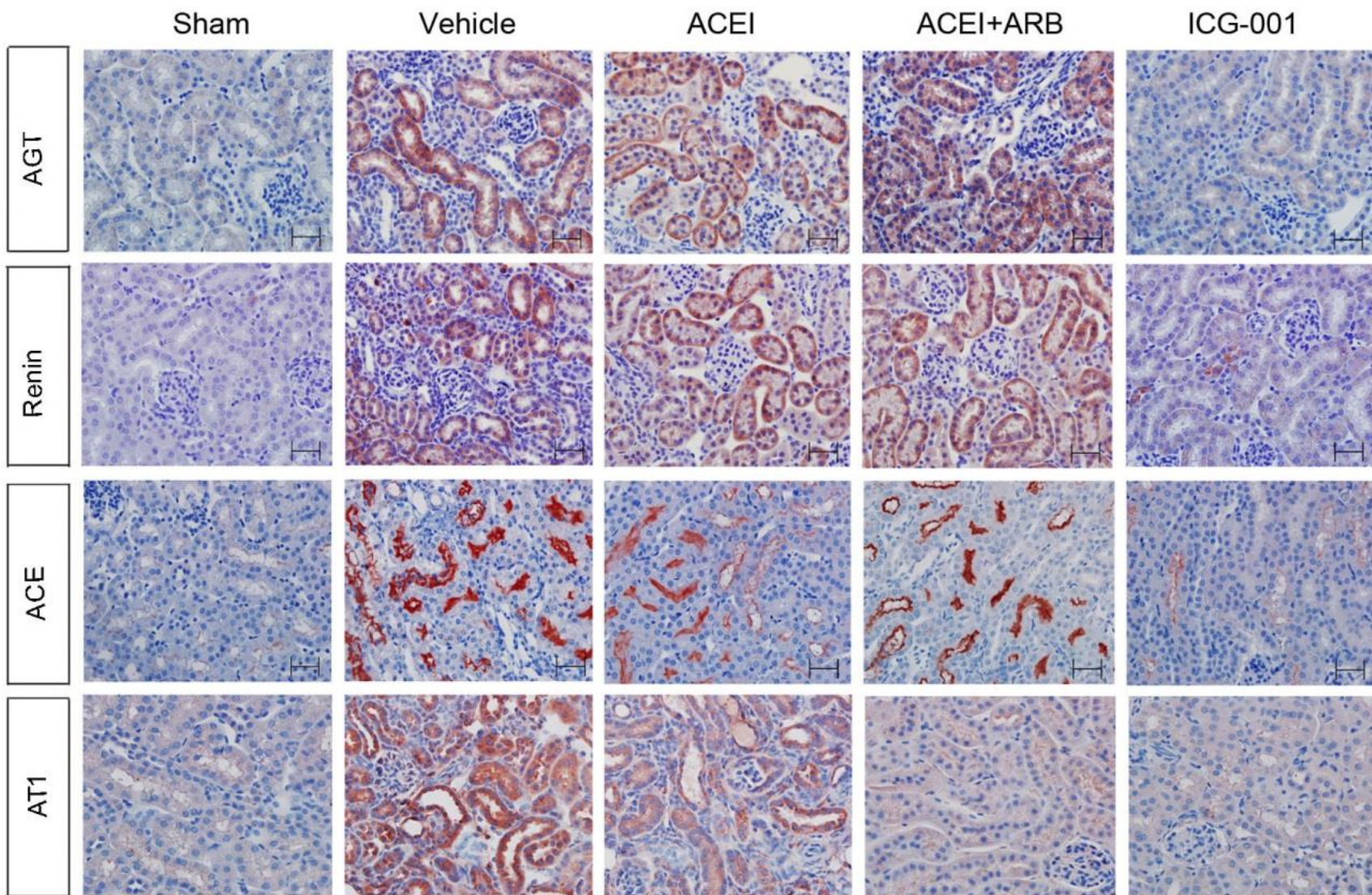


**Direct comparison of the therapeutic efficacy
between Wnt/ β -catenin inhibitor and RAS blocker**

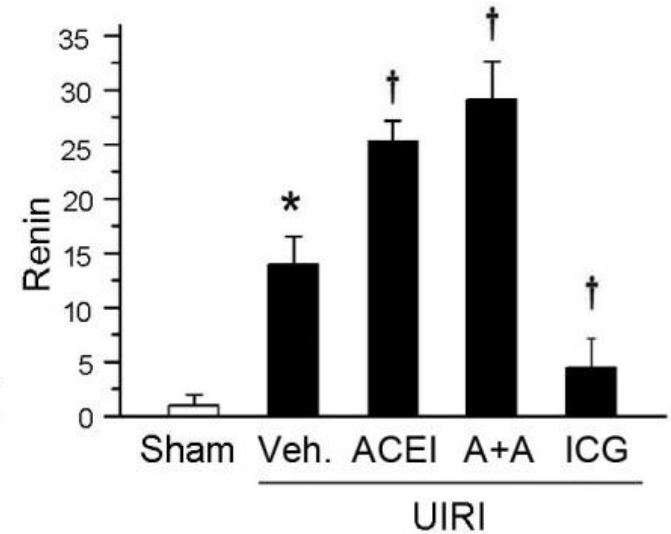
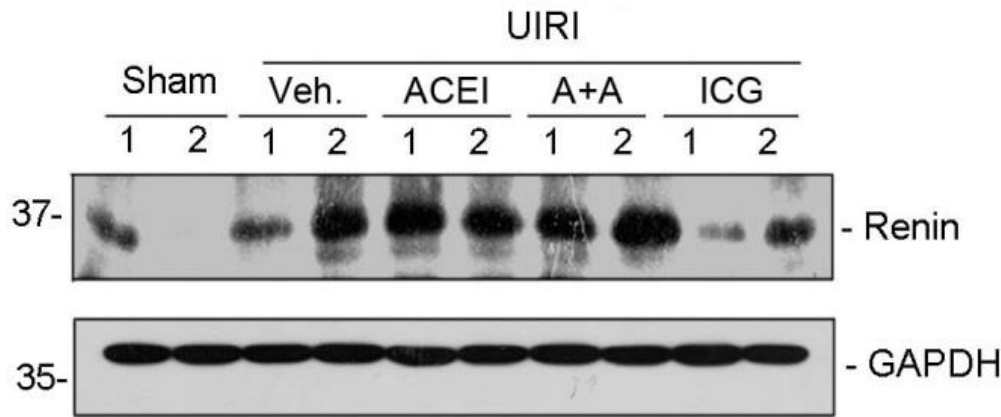
ICG-001 is more effective than RAS blocker in preventing AKI-CKD progression



ICG-001 completely inhibits RAS expression

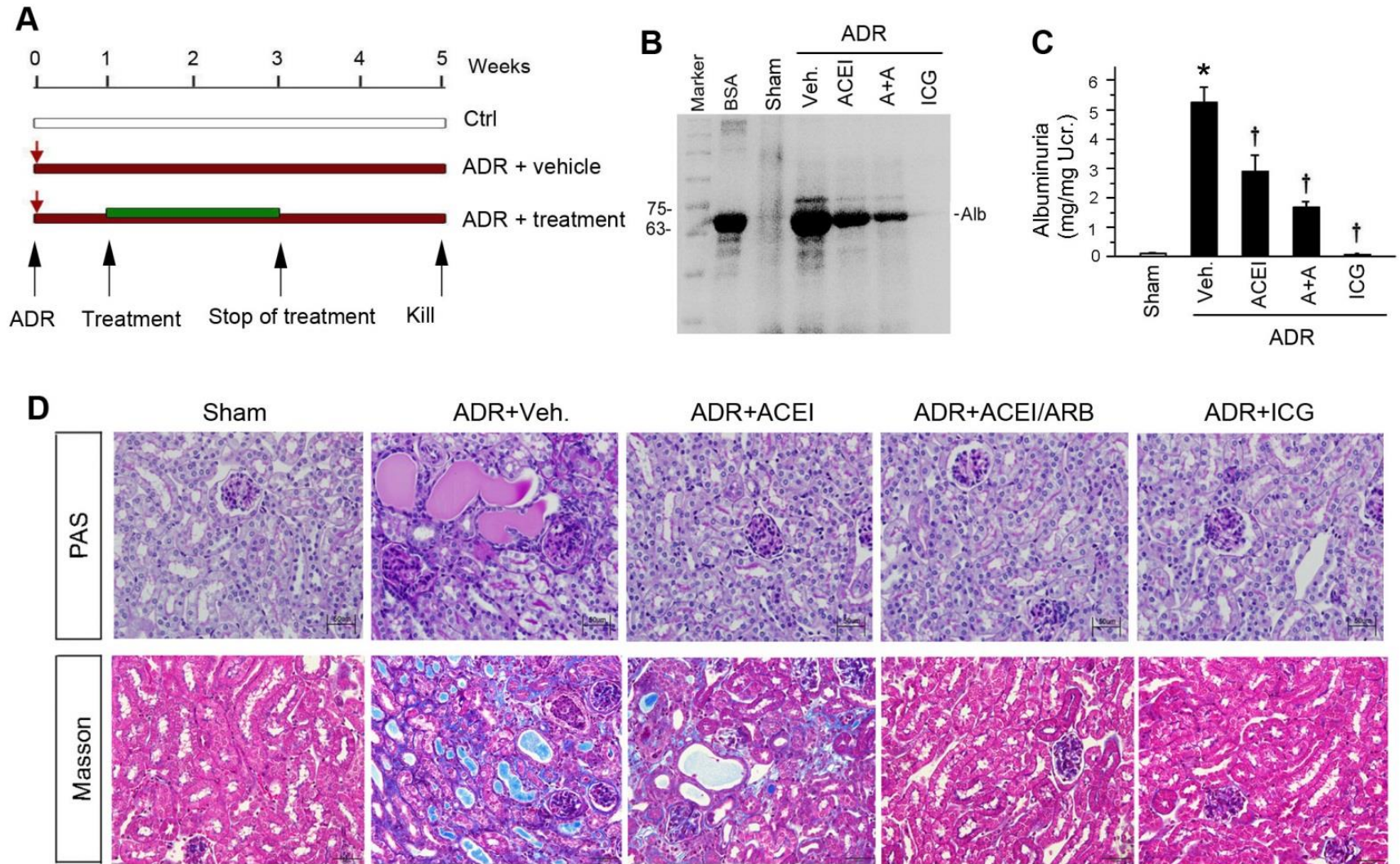


RAS blocker therapy upregulates renin expression

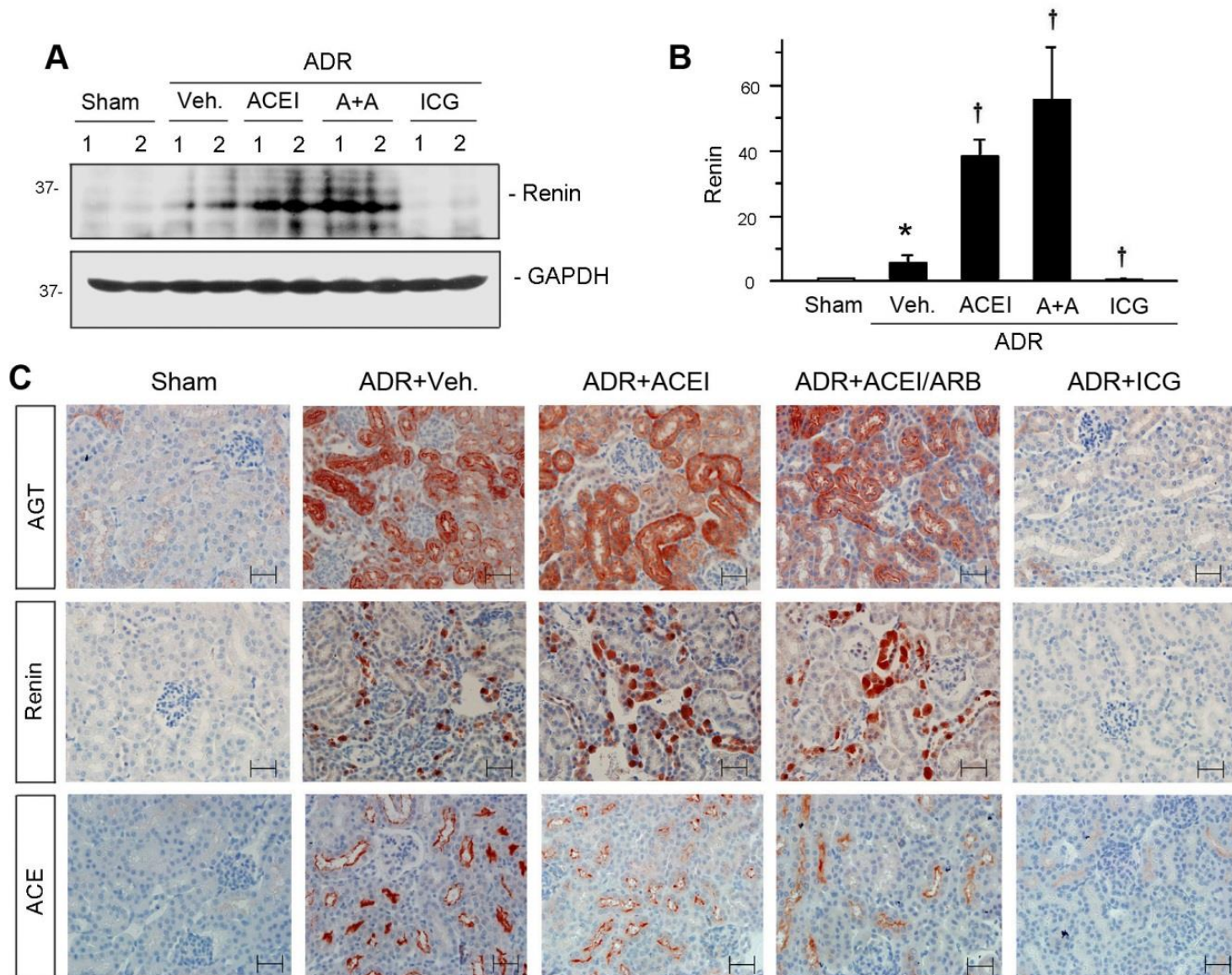


- 1) Sham control
- 2) UIRI + vehicle
- 3) UIRI + trandolapril (3 mg/kg/day, oral)
- 4) UIRI + trandolapril (3 mg/kg/day, oral) + losartan (10 mg/kg/day, oral)
- 5) UIRI+ ICG-001 (5 mg/kg/day, I.P.)

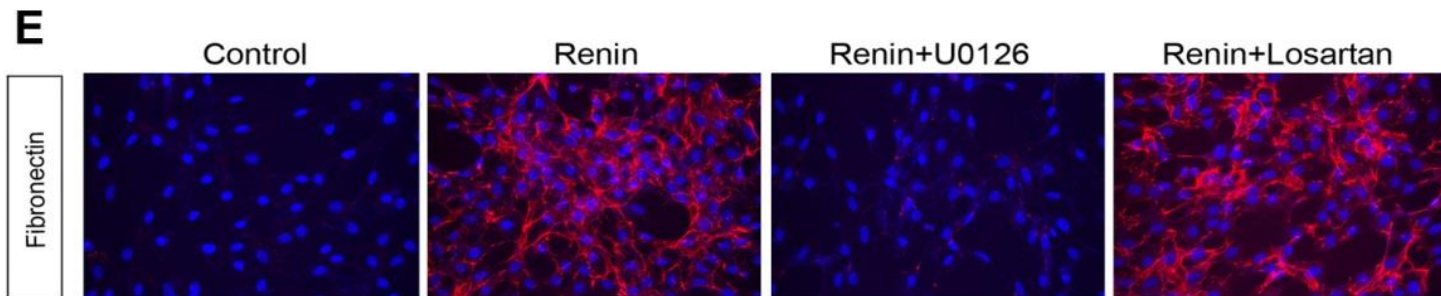
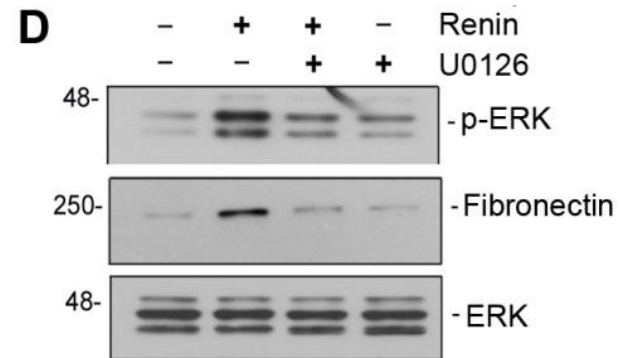
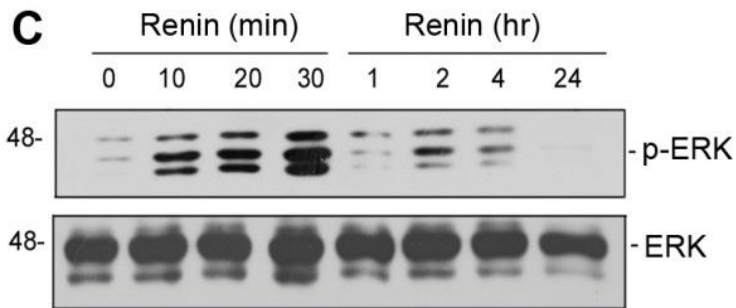
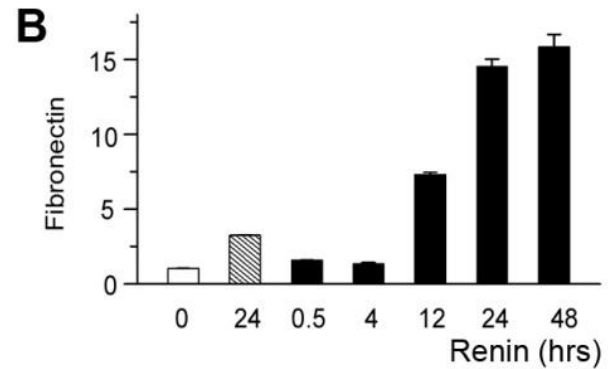
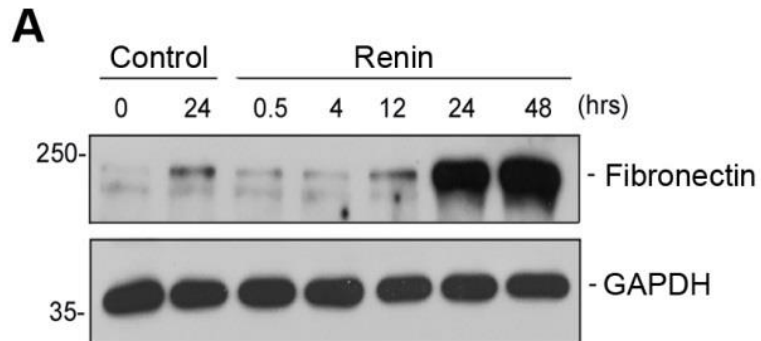
ICG-001 is more effective than RAS blocker in ameliorating ADR nephropathy



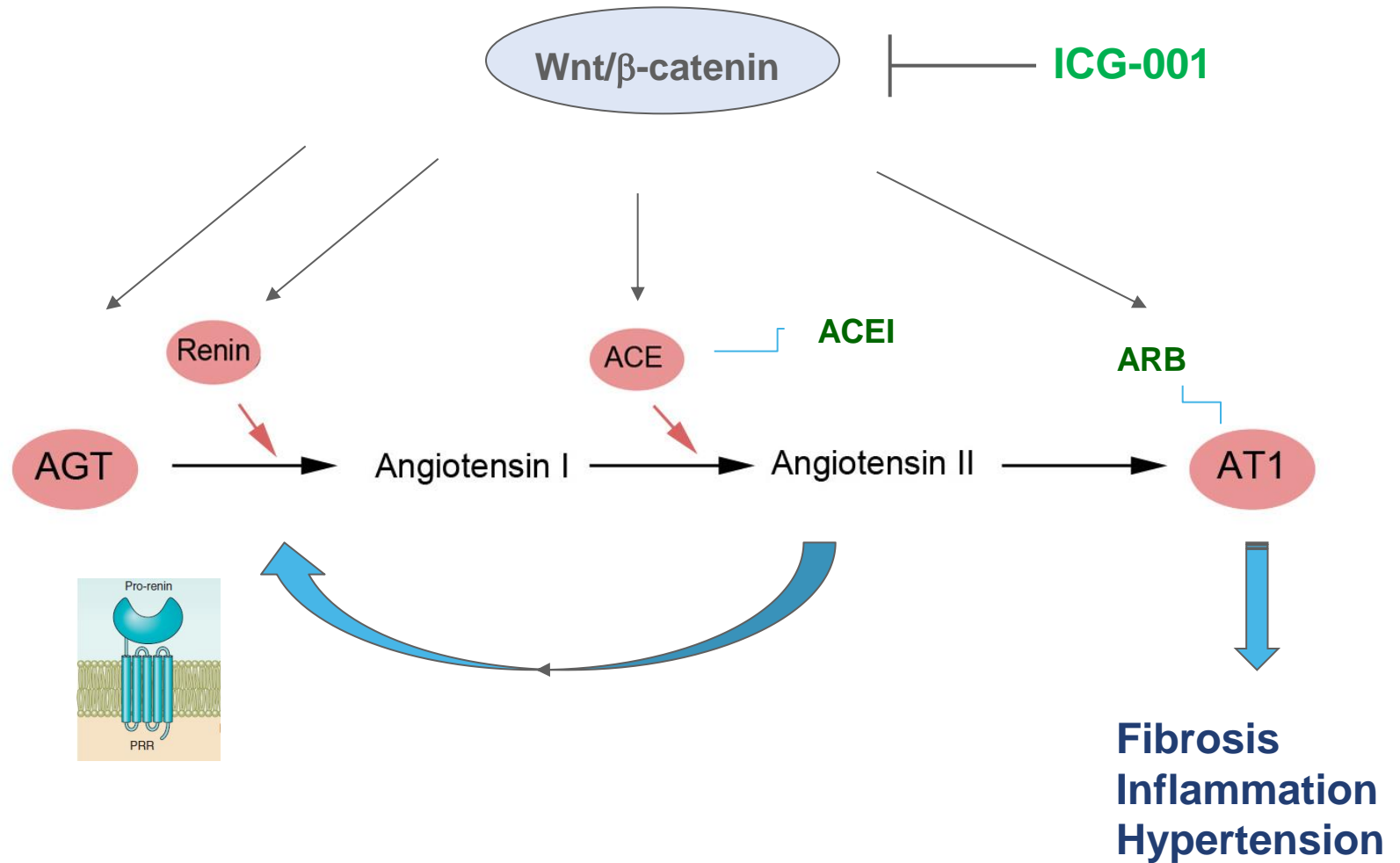
ICG-001, but not RAS blocker, completely inhibits RAS expression



Renin promotes renal fibrosis by Ang II-independent mechanism



Summary



Acknowledgments

Southern Medical University



University of Pittsburgh

Roderick Tan
Dong Zhou
Haiyan Fu

